(b) Preliminary action at site like land survey and field investigation work and removal of structures falling in the lay-out plan has already been completed. The architectural plans for the work have been finalised and tenders invited for the.pile-foundation, work, which will be taken up immediately after the monsoon in October. 1988.

(c) No such proposal has been received.

Five Year Degree Course in law in Delhi University

*293. SHRI PUTTAPAGA RADHAKRISHNA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Five Year Degree Course in Bachelor of Laws has not yet been introduced by the Delhi University:

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor and by when it is likely to be introduced; and

(c) what are the names of other Universities where this course has been introduced?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RE SOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER): (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) Under the Advocates Act, 1961, the Bar Council of India is the competent authority to prescribe the standard of Legal Education and recognise degrees in Law for purposes of admission to the Bar. In exercise of these powers, the Bar Council had notified Rules which required that all Universities imparting legal education should switch over to a Five-year degree course in Law after 10 plus 2, by the session 1987-88. However, in view of the difficulties in the implementation of the Scheme, the Bar Council reviewed the matter in 1987 and decided that the 3 year Law course after graduation may co-exist with the 5 year course after 10+2. The discretion to offer both or either of the Law courses has been left to the Universities concerned. Accordingly, the University of Delhi considered the matter and decided not to introduce the 5 year course as in their wisdom this course was in no way an improvement over the 3 year course.

(c) According to information furnished by the University Grants Commission the following Universities have introduced the Five-year Law course: —

1. Mohan Lal Sukhadia University, Udaipur
2. University of Rajasthan
3. University of Jodhpur
4. Guru Nank Dev University, Amritsar
5. Maharishi Dayanand University
6. Shivaji University
7. University of Pune
8. Marathwada University
9. South Gujarat University
10. Bhsvnagar University
11. Bharathiar University
12. University of Madras
13. Madurai Kamaraj University
14. Sri Venketeswara University
15. University of Kerala
16. University of Calicut
17. University of Mysore
18. Bhagalpur University
19. University of Calcutta.

Training of officials abroad for Freight Computerisation Scheme

294. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) when the Freight Computerisation Scheme was mooted and approved